SAFETY DATA SHEET



ACIDE ACÉTIQUE FG

Section 1. Identification

Product identifier Other means of	: ACIDE ACÉTIQUE FG : Not available.
identification Product type	: Liquid.
Relevant identified uses of th	ne substance or mixture and uses advised against
Identified uses	: Not available.
Supplier/Manufacturer	: OmniChem 12205 April St Montréal, Québec Canada H1B 5M3 Phone: 1-(514) 645-6199 Fax: 1-(514) 645-6299 Email: <u>info@omnichem.ca</u>
Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)	: Monday to Friday 8:00 am – 4:00 pm Tel: 514-645-6199 Email: info@omnichem.ca CANUTEC (Restriction - Transportation emergencies only): +1-613-996-6666 or

Section 2. Hazard identification

Classification of the substance or mixture

: Corrosive to metals - Category 1 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1A SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) -Category 3

GHS label elements Hazard pictograms

Signal word

Hazard statements



: Danger

*666 (cellular) (24/7)

- : H226 Flammable liquid and vapor.
- H272 May Corrosive to metals.
- H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
- H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

Section 2. Hazard identification

Precautionary statements Prevention	: P280 - Wear protective gloves. Wear protective clothing. Wear eye or face protection. P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. P273: Avoid release to the environment. P261 - Avoid breathing vapor. P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. P264 - Wash hands thoroughly after handling.
Response	: P391: Collect spillage. P304 + P340 + P310 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. P301 + P310 + P330 + P331 - IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. P303 + P361 + P353 + P363 + P310 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. P305 + P351 + P338 + P310 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician.
Storage	: Store in an appropriate location.
Disposal	: P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Supplemental label elements	: Do not taste or swallow. Wash thoroughly after handling.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	: Mixture.
Other means of	: Not available.
identification	

Ingredient name	% (w/w)	CAS number	
Acetic acid	100	64-19-7	

The exact percentage (concentration) in the composition has been withheld as a trade secret in accordance with the amended HPR as of April 2018.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First-aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 20 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.

- Inhalation : Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
- Skin contact: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Flush contaminated skin with
plenty of water. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.
Continue to rinse for at least 20 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.
Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Section 4. First-aid measures

Ingestion	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.		
Most important symptoms/effec	ts, acute and delayed		
Potential acute health effects			
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye damage.		
Inhalation	: May cause respiratory irritation.		
Skin contact	: Causes severe burns.		
Ingestion	: Harmful if swallowed		
Over-exposure signs/symptoms			
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: Pain Watering Redness		
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: Respiratory tract irritation Coughing		
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following:		
	Pain or irritation		
	Redness		
	Blistering may occur		
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains		
Indication of immediate medical	l attention and special treatment needed, if necessary		
Notes to physician	: Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have		
Specific treatments Protection of first-aiders	 been ingested or inhaled. No specific treatment. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. 		
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See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures				
Extinguishing media				
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.			
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: None known.			
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion.			
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: Carbon dioxide Carbon monoxide			
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.			
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.			



Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.			
For emergency responders	: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".			
Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).			
Methods and materials for conta	ainment and cleaning up			
Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Do not absorb in sawdust or other combustible material. It may lead to a fire risk when it dries out. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.			
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion- proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Do not absorb in sawdust or other combustible material. It may lead to a fire risk when it dries out. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). The spilled material may be neutralized with sodium carbonate, sodium bicarbonate or sodium hydroxide. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.			

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling				
Protective measures	n appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not get in eyes or on skin or g. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear riate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Keep in the original container or an approved tive made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Keep away from g, incompatible materials and combustible materials. Keep away from alkalis. Keep away eat. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.			
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.			
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store in an appropriate location. Separate from alkalis and reducing agents and combustible materials. Store away from grease and oil. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept			
	upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use			

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Acetic acid	CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 4/2009). 8 hrs OEL: 10 ppm 8 hours. 8 hrs OEL: 25 mg/m ³ 8 hours. 15 min OEL: 37 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. 15 min OEL: 15 ppm 15 minutes. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2017). TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 15 ppm 15 minutes. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 1/2018). TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 15 ppm 15 minutes. TWAEV: 10 ppm 8 hours. TWAEV: 10 ppm 8 hours. STEV: 15 ppm 15 minutes. STEV: 15 ppm 15 minutes. STEV: 37 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. STEV: 37 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. STEL: 15 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 15 ppm 15 minutes. STEV: 37 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. TWAEV: 10 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 15 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours.
Appropriate engineering controls	: Use only with adequate ventilation. If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits
Individual protection measures Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	: Wear rubber gloves. Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that

necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

Body protection : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved.

Other skin protection : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved.

Respiratory protection : Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.



Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance	
Physical state	: Liquid. [Clair.]
Color	: Not available.
Odor	: strong smell of penetrating vinegar
Odor threshold	: 0.48 ppm
рН	: 2.4
Melting point	: 16.6 °C
Boiling point	: 118 °C
Flash point	: Vase clos: 39 °C.
Evaporation rate	: 0.97 (n-Butyl acetate = 1)
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Not available.
Lower and upper explosive	: Upper : 19.9 Vol. %
(flammable) limits	Lower: 4.0 Vol. %
Vapor pressure	: 21 hPa @ 25°C
Vapor density	: 2.10000000000
Relative density	: 1.05
Solubility	: completely soluble.
Partition coefficient: n-	: -0.17.
octanol/water	
Auto-ignition temperature	: Not available.
Decomposition temperature	
Viscosity	: 1.056 mPa*s @ 25°C

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity

Chemical stability

: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients. : The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous
reactions: Hazardous reactions or instability are found under conditions of storage or use. These
conditions may include: contact with combustible substances Reactions may include: risk of fire
or intensification of fire
: A fire may occur if this product dries on clothing or other combustible material
: Not available.
: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be
produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product / Ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Acetic Acid	LD50 Oral	Rat	3310 mg/kg	-

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Acetic acid	Eyes - Mild irritant Skin - Mild irritant Skin - Severe irritant	Rabbit Rabbit Rabbit	- -	0.5 minutes 5 mg 24 hours 50 mg 525 mg	- - -

Sensitization

There is no data available. Mutagenicity There is no data available. Carcinogenicity There is no data available. Reproductive toxicity

There is no data available.



Section 11. Toxicological information

	nogical information			
Teratogenicity				
There is no data available.				
Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)				
There is no data available.				
Specific target organ toxicity (re There is no data available.	epealeu exposure)			
Aspiration hazard				
There is no data available.				
Information on the likely	: Dermal contact. Eye contact. Inhalation. Ingestion.			
routes of exposure	, ,			
Potential acute health effects				
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye damage.			
Inhalation	: May cause respiratory irritation.			
Skin contact	: Causes severe burns.			
Ingestion	: Harmful if swallowed			
	al, chemical and toxicological characteristics			
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following:			
	Pain Watering			
	Redness			
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following:			
	Respiratory tract irritation Coughing			
Skin contact				
	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: Pain or irritation			
	Redness Blistering may occur			
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains			
Delayed and immediate effects	and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure			
Short term exposure				
Potential immediate	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.			
effects				
Potential delayed effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.			
Long term exposure				
Potential immediate	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.			
effects				
Potential delayed effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.			
Potential chronic health				
effects				
General	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.			
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.			
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.			
Teratogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.			
Developmental effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.			
Fertility effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.			
Numerical measures of				
<u>toxicity</u>				
Acute toxicity estimates				
These is a data 11.11				

There is no data available.



Section 12. Ecological information

<u>Toxicity</u>		

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Acetic acid	LC50 32 mg/L Marine water	Crustaceans - Artemia salina	48 hours
	LC50 178 mg/L Marine water	Fish - Gasterosteus aculeatus	96 hours

Persistence and degradability

There is no data available. **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Acetic acid	-0.17	3.16	low

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition

coefficient (KOC)

Other adverse effects

: Not available

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this **Disposal methods** product, solutions and any by-products should comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling empty containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

	TDG Classification	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	UN2789	UN2789	UN2789
UN proper shipping name	ACETIC ACID SOLUTION	ACETIC ACID SOLUTION	ACETIC ACID SOLUTION
Transport hazard class(es)	8 (3)	8 (3)	8 (3)
Packing group	11	II	11
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.

TDG Classification

Emergency Response Guidebook (ERG)

: Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2.40-2.42 (Class 8). 2.18-2.19 (Class 3)

: 140

Special precautions for user

: Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.



Physical hazards: 0

Section 15. Regulatory information

Canadian lists

Canada inventory (DSL NDSL)	: All components are listed or exempted.
Canadian NPRI	: The following components are listed: Peracetic acid
CEPA Toxic substances	: None of the components are listed.

Section 16. Other information

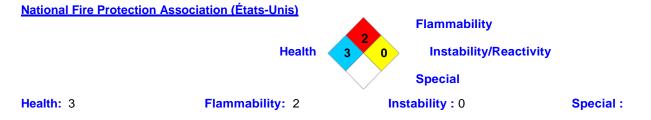
Hazardous Material Information System (États-Unis)

Health: 3 /

Fla	ammability : 2			
	Health	/	3	
	Flammability		2	
	Physical hazards		0	

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on SDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

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Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
Corrosive to metals - Category 1	Expert judgment
FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3	Calculation method
SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1A	On basis of test data
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3	On basis of test data



Section 16. Other information

History

Date of issue Version Prepared by Key to abbreviations	: 01/06/2019 : 2 : Omnichem : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA =
Prepared by	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein. Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

The content of this form is also valid in Spanish to cover Cuba and in French to cover Haiti